



Park Academy

SEND policy

Approved by: Board of Directors **Date:** 8th July 2019

Last reviewed on: June 2019

Next review due by: June 2020

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Our Trust Vision for Special Educational Needs and Disabilities

Supporting all pupils in a happy, safe environment where they are nurtured to achieve their best possible outcomes.

1. Aims

Our SEN Policy aims to:

- Explain what SEN is and not according to the Code of Practice and other related documents
- Explain the procedures for identifying SEND
- Define the roles and responsibilities (both statutory and otherwise) of members of staff in relation to SEND
- Explain the process for making referrals to outside agencies
- Outline the Assess, Plan, Do, Review cycle as outlined in the Code of Practice
- Outline how we support pupils, identified with SEND, in our Trust.
- Outline how we work with parents and carers for genuine decision making and coproduction in all areas of SEND.
- Outline our vision for ensuring smooth transitions between different phases of education. •
Identify other policies which relate to SEND

2. Legislation and guidance

This policy and information report is based on the statutory [Special Educational Needs Code of Practice 2015](#) and the following legislation:

- [Part 3 of the Pupils and Families Act 2014](#), which sets out schools' responsibilities for pupils with SEN and disabilities
- [The Special Educational Needs and Disability Regulations 2014](#), which set out schools' responsibilities for education, health and care (EHC) plans, SEN coordinators (SENCOs) and the SEN information report
- [The Equality Act 2010](#), which sets out the legal framework for the reasonable adjustments which are expected to be made by organizations, including schools and colleges, for people with disabilities. It also defines what a 'disability' is.
- [The Disability Discrimination Act 1995](#), which preceded the Equality Act.

This policy also complies with our funding agreement and articles of association.

3. Definitions

A pupil has SEN if they have a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for them. (Pupils and Families Act 2014)

They have a learning difficulty or disability if they have:

- A significantly greater difficulty in learning (usually recognized as their attainment is at least one a half year behind their peers) than the majority of others of the same age, or
- A disability which prevents or hinders them from making use of facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools

Special educational provision is educational or training provision that **is additional to, or different from,** that made generally for other pupils or young people of the same age by mainstream schools.

4. Roles and responsibilities

4.1 The Trust SENCO

The Trust SENCO is Maxine Cunningham

They will:

- Work with the head of academy and SEN governor in each Academy to determine the strategic development of the SEN policy and provision in the academy.
 - Work with the head of academy and local governing board to ensure that the school meets its responsibilities under the Equality Act 2010 regarding reasonable adjustments and access arrangements.
 - Work with the Director who has responsibility for SEND, to ensure the continual development of SEND in-line with Trust-wide, local and national directives and developments.
 - Provide an annual report to the governing body of the school's effective deployment of SEND resources.
 - Have day-to-day responsibility for the operation of this SEN policy and the coordination of specific provision made to support individual pupils with SEN, including those who have EHC plans
 - Provide professional guidance to colleagues and work with staff, parents, and other agencies to ensure that pupils with SEN receive appropriate support and high-quality teaching
 - Advise on the graduated approach to providing SEN support
 - Make requests for EHCNAs including collecting and collating evidence which is required
- Advise on the deployment of the academy's delegated budget and other resources to meet pupils' needs effectively

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- Liaise with potential providers of education to ensure pupils and their parents are informed about options and a smooth transition is planned
- Ensure the academy keeps the records of all pupils with SEN up to date and in line with GDPR
- Manage the SEND team and manage their performance in-line with Trust priorities and development plans
- Provide training opportunities to all staff and governors on SEND

4.2 The Director with responsibility for SEND

They will:

- Liaise with the Trust SENCO on a termly basis to evidence the progress against the Trust SEND development plan
- Work with the SENCO to establish Trust-wide priorities for SEND
- Be the link between the Trust SENCO and the board of directors
- Have an understanding of the funding attached to pupils with SEND and how this is utilized across the Trust and within each academy

4.3 The SEN governor for the Local Governing Body

The SEN governor will:

- Help to raise awareness of SEN issues at governing board meetings
- Monitor the quality and effectiveness of SEN and disability provision within the school and update the governing body on this
- Work with the head of academy and SENCO to determine the strategic development of the SEN policy and provision in the school
- Meet on a regular basis with the SENCO and relevant members of staff to establish the current SEN picture

4.4 The head of academy

The head of academy will:

- Work with the SENCO and SEN governor to determine the strategic development of the SEN policy and provision in the academy
- Have overall responsibility for the provision and progress of learners with SEN and/or a disability
- Ensure learning plans are kept up to date
- Ensure that interventions, recommended by specialists, are implemented across the school and that all interventions are recorded and monitored for effectiveness
- Ensure the academy has due regard for all statutory documentation relating to SEND (See above)
- Hold teaching staff to account for the progress and attainment of all the pupils they teach, including those who are supported by a teaching assistant.
- Ensure all staff have received appropriate training and qualifications necessary to carry out their roles.

4.5 The SENCO (Where appropriate)

The SENCO will:

- Work in collaboration with the SEN SLT link, SEND manager and Trust SENCO to develop the provision within the academy in line with the Trust SEND development plan
- Conduct monitoring and evaluation activities of teaching and learning with regard to SEND
- Collate the M&E activities conducted by other members of the SLT

- Monitor the effectiveness of interventions, in collaboration with the SEND manager
- Provide support to colleagues in order for them to make the correct adjustments to their planning/teaching to meet the needs of all pupils
- Work in collaboration with the Trust SENCO to ensure the SEND register is an accurate representation of the SEND population
- Monitor the provisions, detailed in the EHCP, to ensure they are being implemented by teachers and teaching assistants
- Work with the SEND manager and SEN SLT link to monitor the progress of students receiving interventions and/ or on the SEND register.

4.6 The SEND Manager/ Head of Additional Learning Faculty

They will:

- Work with the SENCO to establish priorities for SEND across the Trust
- Review EHCPs annually in-line with local authority guidance and statutory requirements
- Make referrals to specialists, where required.
- Review samples of learning plans and feedback to staff.
- Liaise with specialists; arranging meetings, reviews and reports.
- Advise staff on best practice with individual pupils.
- Arrange external CPD opportunities for staff
- Maintain the SEND register and ensure that Progresso is regularly updated
- Prepare files for transition between phases of education and to different settings
- Meet with transition partners to create plans for smooth transitions and facilitate these
- Liaise with parents to ensure they are informed of all specialist provisions relating to their pupil
- Support HOA to formulate behaviour plans and advise on strategies
- Establish links with charities and charitable trusts which can support schools and families with their pupil's SEND

4.7 Class teachers

Every teacher is responsible for:

- The progress and development of every pupil in their class
- Planning a differentiated curriculum which meets the needs of all pupils in the class/ group
- Working closely with any teaching assistants or specialist staff to plan and assess the impact of support and interventions and how they can be linked to classroom teaching
- Working with the SENCO to review each pupil's progress and development and decide on any changes to provision
- Maintaining an up to date understanding of SEND including the school's policy and any national developments
- Working with the SENCO to ensure early and accurate identification of any SEND
- Writing learning plans with SMART targets and sharing these with parents
- Meeting regularly with parents to ensure they are aware of the attainment and progress their pupils are making
- Making regular and accurate assessments of the pupils in their class, including those with SEND.
- Completing requests for information from outside agencies and for EHCP reviews Providing provisions, as detailed in EHCPs
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5. Processes and Procedures

5.1 Identifying pupils with SEN and assessing their needs (Appendix 1 and 2)

We will assess each pupil's current skills and levels of attainment on entry, which will build on previous settings and Key Stages, where appropriate.

Teachers will make regular assessments of progress for all pupils and identify those whose progress:

- Is significantly slower than that of their peers starting from the same baseline
- Fails to match or better the pupil's previous rate of progress
- Fails to close the attainment gap between the pupil and their peers
- Widens the attainment gap

(Code of Practice 2015)

This may include progress in areas other than attainment, for example, social needs.

Slow progress and low attainment will not automatically mean a pupil is recorded as having SEN. However, as a rule, pupils who are working **around 18 months or more behind their peers**, without any indication of this improving significantly, may have a special education need.

Pupils who have English as an additional language (EAL), will be identified as soon as possible and teachers are the most qualified to make these judgements. We will utilise the WELLCOMM assessment tool in both their home language and English to make a comparison between their communication skills in both languages.

A medical diagnosis alone does not automatically mean that SEND provision is required for a pupil. This means that pupils with ASD and ADHD **will not** automatically go on the SEND register.

5.2 The kinds of SEN that are provided for

Our academy provides additional and/or different from provision for a range of needs, including:

- **Communication and interaction**, for example, Autistic Spectrum Disorder, Asperger's Syndrome, speech and language difficulties
- **Cognition and learning**, for example, dyslexia, dyspraxia, dyscalculia Moderate/severe/profound and multiple learning difficulties
- **Social, emotional and mental health difficulties**, for example, attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD), anxiety, depression, bi-polar,
- **Sensory and/or physical needs**, for example, visual impairments, hearing impairments, processing difficulties, epilepsy, cerebral palsy

Where staff are not familiar or confident in meeting the specific needs of individual pupils, specialist advice will be sought by the SEND team.

5.3 Consulting and involving pupils and parents

If we feel that a pupil is demonstrating difficulties which could be indicative of a special educational need then the class teacher will have an early discussion with the pupil and their parents when identifying whether they need special educational provision.

These conversations will make sure that:

- Everyone develops a good understanding of the pupil's areas of strength and difficulty
- We consider the parents' concerns
- Everyone understands the agreed outcomes sought for the pupil
- Everyone is clear on what the next steps are
- The voice of the pupil is captured and included in any support document
- Everyone understands that information may be shared to achieve the best possible outcomes for the pupil

Notes of these early discussions will be added to the pupil's record and given to their parents.

We will formally notify parents when it is decided that a pupil will receive SEN support and therefore included on the SEND register for the school.

5.4 Our approach to teaching pupils with SEN

Teachers are responsible and accountable for the progress and development of all the pupils in their class meaning that, as far as possible, all pupils are taught by the teacher in the class/ group in which they are placed.

High quality teaching is our first step in responding to pupils who have SEN. This will be differentiated to meet the needs of individual pupils.

In addition to quality first teaching, intervention sessions may also be necessary to target key areas of difficulty for individual pupils. These interventions may be delivered by teachers, teaching assistants, specialist teachers or outside agencies. We will endeavour to ensure that interventions do not hinder a pupil's access to a broad and balanced curriculum.

For pupils with significant SEN, there may be occasions where the pupil may be withdrawn from the lesson and supported on a 1:1 basis. However, we will ensure that access to quality first teaching in core skills is facilitated on a daily basis. No pupil will be withdrawn for extended periods of time or for entire subjects.

5.5 Homework

We recognize that home learning and homework is often a useful tool for consolidating learning or overlearning the knowledge the pupils have been taught during the week.

Pupils who have been identified as having a Special Educational Need are still expected to complete homework at the same time as their peer group. However, this homework will be differentiated to meet the needs of the pupil and the responsibility of this falls with the class or subject teacher.

The school will ensure that no unnecessary burden is placed on pupils with SEN and that homework tasks are within the capabilities of the pupil, with minimal adult support needed.

5.6 Adaptations to the curriculum and learning environment

By law, we have a duty to make reasonable adjustments to meet the needs of any pupils in our care, in order that they may access all the activities and premises normally offered to all.

Where specialist adaptations are required, we will meet with relevant professionals who will be able to advise us on the specifics of the adaptations.

These are some of the adaptations we make to ensure all pupils' needs are met:

- Differentiating our curriculum to ensure all pupils can access it, for example, by grouping, 1:1 work, teaching style, content of the lesson, etc.
- Adapting our resources and staffing
- Using recommended aids, such as laptops, coloured overlays, visual timetables, larger font, etc.
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- Differentiating our teaching, for example, giving longer processing times, pre-teaching of key vocabulary, reading instructions aloud, etc.

Adaptations to the learning environment, such as providing ramps, handles,

5.7 Additional support for learning

Across the Trust, we have many teaching assistants/ additional learning assistants who are trained to support teachers during lesson time and to deliver specific intervention programmes.

The support a teaching assistant offers can take many formats. This may include working with small groups in lessons, working with individuals during lessons or working with the whole class whilst the teacher supports groups and individuals. The work a teaching assistant undertakes in class is planned by the teacher and communicated to them prior to the lesson taking place.

On rare occasions, teaching assistants will support pupils on a 1:1 basis when this is necessary to achieve a specific outcome, where 1:1 support is specified as a provision on an EHCP or there is a physical need which requires such support. However, 1:1 support is not usually provided by the same teaching assistant for the duration of the day. This then avoids the 'Velcro' model which increases the likelihood of dependence which we would discourage.

The local authority does not specify the names of teaching assistants who will support pupils unless specialized support is required for medical needs nor does it specify the number of hours a pupil will receive.

5.8 Referrals to specialists

Where we are concerned about the continuing impact a pupil's special education need is having on their ability to access the learning and/ or environment we will then consider making a referral to a relevant specialist.

Communication and Interaction

For pupils who continue to display issues with phonological awareness and sound production, we will make referrals to the Speech and Language Therapy Team. They will make a decision based on the referral information.

For pupils with a diagnosis of ASD or who the school have concerns regarding Social Communication Difficulties, the school will make a referral to the Working Together Team. The school may also make a referral to their team for transition support when pupils are moving between different phases of education. Once an initial observation has been carried out, the WTT will not routinely revisit pupils unless the school raises considerable issues with supporting the pupil in school.

Cognition and Learning

For cognition and learning assessments, we will utilize the Trust specialist teacher. They are able to identify dyslexia and dyscalculia and make recommendations regarding the support and intervention a pupil may need to make more progress.

The criteria for making such referrals is:

- A pupil on the SEND register who has received targeted intervention, specific to their difficulty, for at least 2 small terms- evidenced on their Learning Plan
- A pupil beginning the PSP process and prior to a referral to BOSS.
- A pupil for which a request for statutory assessment (EHCNA) is being made • Any other concerns, as agreed by the SEN manager/ SENCO

Social Emotional and Mental Health

For pupils with emotional and mental health difficulties we are able to make a referral to CAMHS and the Healthy Minds team. They will ascertain whether they are able to provide any support for the pupil based on the referral information.

Physical and/ or Sensory

Where there are concerns about a pupil with social communication difficulties or high levels of impulsivity and hyperactivity, we may consult with parents to make a referral to the community paediatrics team. As a diagnosis makes little or no difference to the way we support a pupil in school, we would only consider these referrals to be appropriate where there were significant concerns about a pupil.

We are also able to refer to other medical services as appropriate.

Detailed below are some of the agencies we work with to provide support for pupils with SEND:

- Occupational therapist (OT)

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- Physiotherapists
- Teachers of the visually impaired (TVI)
- Teachers of the hearing impaired (THI)
- Behaviour Outreach Support Service (BOSS)
- Educational Psychology service (EP)
- The Working Together Team (WTT)

5.9 Expertise and training of staff

Our Trust SENCO has 10 years' experience in this role and has worked as a class teacher and senior leader in several local schools. She holds the National Award for Special Needs Coordination. (NASENCO)

She is supported across the academies by two SEND managers and SEND admin support. The SEND managers have received extensive training in a range of areas such as: Makaton, Autism Awareness, Dyslexia, Phonics and diabetes.

The Trust also employs a specialist teacher who holds specialist qualifications (PATOSS) which enables her to apply for legal access arrangements at GCSE level and identify pupils who have a dyslexic and/ or dyscalculic profile (Rose Report)

In the last academic year, staff have been trained in a range of areas including in dyslexia and spelling, supporting pupils with diabetes, supporting pupils with epilepsy and administering epi pens.

5.10 Enabling pupils with SEN to engage in activities available to those in the academy who do not have SEN

All our extra-curricular activities and school visits are available to all our pupils, including (where available) our before-and after-school clubs.

All pupils are encouraged to go on residential trips.

All pupils are encouraged to take part in sports day/school plays/special workshops, etc.

No pupil is ever excluded from taking part in these activities because of their SEN or disability. Where required, an individual risk assessment will take place.

More information about access to the academy and its facilities can be found in the accessibility plan (see Head of Academy)

5.11 Support for improving emotional, social and mental health

We provide support for pupils to improve their emotional and social development in the following ways:

- Pupils with SEN are encouraged to be part of the school council
- Pupils with SEN are also encouraged to be take part in all clubs to promote teamwork/building friendships etc.
- Friends Programme- delivered by specially qualified members of staff
- Discovery Sport sessions
- Referrals to the Healthy Minds service which can support pupils with their social and emotional needs
- Referrals to CAMHS when pupils are struggling with their emotions and/ or mental health
- Bespoke support provided by the family and pupils support workers and the Trust Safeguarding Lead.
- Access to Art therapy
- Intervention programmes which specifically target the pupil's area of need. **We have a zero-tolerance approach to bullying.**

5.12 Support for challenging behaviour

Although behaviour is no longer a specific area in the Code of Practice, we recognize that where behaviour has become particularly challenging it will affect their ability to access the learning normally provided for pupils their age.

Where this is the case, we will follow the protocol for supporting pupils who display challenging behaviour. This will include developing a behaviour plan and assessing whether there are unmet learning needs, which are contributing towards the behaviours which are being displayed.

Following a period of support, through a behaviour plan and supportive planned interventions, and where behaviours continue to be challenging, we will follow the Lincolnshire Ladder for Behaviour Intervention which may lead to a managed move or a placement in a pupil referral unit.

5.13 Working with other agencies

Where appropriate the academy is also able to support pupils and their families by:

- Arranging support through the Team Around the Pupil process (TAC)
- Arranged coordination support through Early Support Coordination (ESCO)
- Being involved in Pupil in Need meetings (CIN)
- Being involved in Pupil Protection Plans (CP)

If these are in place, then it may be deemed appropriate for the following agencies to support the pupil and the family

- Early Help
- Social Care
- MARAC
- IDVA
- Addaction
- Housing
- Police
- Pupils and Young People's nursing team
- Health Visiting Team

5.14 Transition arrangements and preparing for adulthood

We believe that excellent transition arrangements are the best way to ensure a pupil makes the best possible start to the next step in their education. Whether this be the next class or another school.

Transition planning for individual pupils will begin as early as possible to ensure a smooth transition from one phase of education to another and between year groups.

Transition for will take different format for different pupils but may include some or all the following:

- Extra transition days
- Extra visits with parents
- Meetings with new teachers
- Buddy system
- Transition books

Where pupils are moving schools, we will share information with the school, college, or other setting the pupil is moving to with the consent of the parent/ carer.

Transition from Nursery to Primary settings will start as early as possible. The SEN team will liaise with Early Years settings, once places have been allocated.

Transition to Secondary settings will also begin once places have been allocated. Meetings between the primary and secondary SEN teams and the feeder schools will be arranged quickly so that transition planning can begin early.

Where a pupil has an EHCP, the discussion about the next stage of education will happen in the Year 5 annual review. The Local Authority is then responsible for consulting with the local secondary schools who will have to state whether they can meet the needs of the pupil or not. Parents of pupils with EHCPs **do not**

need to apply for a secondary school in the normal way and they will not have a place confirmed in the normal way either.

Where pupils are moving on from secondary to further education or training then the process will begin in Year 9.

5.15 Learning Plans

Once pupils are placed on the SEND register, a learning plan is created and shared with parents. The targets on a learning plan are Specific Measurable Achievable Realistic and Time related. Each learning plan is reviewed every small term and rewritten every big term.

Targets on learning plans should not last for more than one cycle. If they are not achieved this is an indication that the target was not specific or realistic enough for the needs of the pupil.

We use a cloud- based system called "Provision Map" which parents can access to view their pupil's learning plan.

Learning Plans are an essential part of ensuring that a pupil have an individualized approach to meeting their needs. They are also evidence of the individual academy's approach to the graduated approach, and as such will be required if a pupil's needs are such that they require an Education Health and Care Needs Assessment.

5.16 EHCP- Education Health and Care Plan

Where a pupil continues to present with significant difficulties following at least 3 cycles of review the SEND manager will have a discussion with the teacher/s of that pupil about the specialist provision or advice which may need to be sought.

The advice and/or support may be provided by any of the agencies listed in this document but only when a parent consents to the agency working with their pupil.

If following advice, it appears the pupil has a significant need which the school is struggling to meet, within its normal funding arrangements, the school may request that the SENCO makes a request for an Education Health and Care Needs assessment, which is carried out by the Local Authority.

If the Local Authority agrees to make an assessment of the pupil's needs, the parents will be contacted, and the school will be involved in all discussions surrounding the pupil's needs and the support which may be needed to ensure the pupil makes progress.

An Education, Health and Care Plan may be issued following this process which will provide the school with an additional amount of funding to meet the provisions which are set out in the plan. An EHCP will rarely dictate that a pupil needs full-time 1:1 support, instead it seeks to identify specific activities which a pupil would normally struggle to access independently.

It is up to the school to decide the most effective way to utilize the funding provided to meet the needs of the pupil.

Once a pupil has an EHCP issued, the school will be responsible for acting on behalf of the LA to call annual review meetings and phased transition reviews.

From time to time, the school may decide to call an annual review early. This may be because the needs of the pupil have changed, and additional funding is required by the school to enable them to meet the needs of the pupil effectively. Also, an early review may be called if the school feels they are struggling to meet the needs of the pupil, even with a profound level of funding from the local authority. In this case, consideration for placement in a specialist setting may be discussed.

The Local Authority is responsible for agreeing the specialist provision and is reliant on availability of places within said authority.

It is a fundamental right of parents to make the decision as to whether they want their pupil to attend a specialist provision as opposed to a mainstream provision.

6. Evaluation and monitoring

Assessment

6.1 Monitoring the progress of pupils on the SEN register

It remains the school's responsibility to monitor the progress of all groups and individuals within their setting.

Pupils with SEN will still make progress, and this should be in-line with their baseline assessments.

The Trust SENCO will agree with the Head of Academy/ assessment leader what 'expected progress' will be for certain individual pupils, as this may not be in line with the progress expectations of the cohort. Progress targets will reflect the high expectations we have of all pupils, including those with SEN.

Teachers will then be held accountable for the progress of these individual pupils through the M&E cycle.

The Trust SENCO will monitor the progress of these pupils at each assessment point in the year.

6.2 Assessment Methods

Formative assessments are the most effective way of monitoring the progress of pupils with SEN as often formal testing can cause a great deal of anxiety and therefore cause a pupil to underperform. Teachers will gather a range of evidence to support their judgements about a pupil's current level of attainment, ensuring that the evidence they utilise is as independent as possible and in line with their level of development.

Summative assessments are utilised at all stages of education to ascertain a pupil's level of ability in certain subject areas.

Where teachers utilize regular summative assessments in their teaching e.g. for spelling tests, quizzes or quick tests, it is vital that these are adapted for the needs of all pupils in the class.

At all stages it is vital that Subject leaders and SLTs consider how appropriate it is that a pupil sits a statutory assessment.

It is also vital that the scope of the assessment is within the capabilities of the pupil.

At secondary level, where pupils are sitting GCSE examinations, it is vital that there are opportunities for pupils to achieve functional level qualifications if the lowest level of the GCSE examination is beyond the capabilities of specific students.

Students with SEND **will not** be subject to unnecessary retesting unless necessary.

6.3 Evaluating the effectiveness of SEN provision

We evaluate the effectiveness of provision for pupils with SEN by:

- Reviewing pupils' individual progress towards their goals each term via pupil progress meetings
- Reviewing the impact of interventions after the recommended number of weeks
- Using pupil questionnaires
- Monitoring by the Trust SENCO/SENCO through learning walks, work scrutiny etc.
- Holding annual reviews for pupils with EHC plans
- Using questionnaires and other forms of 'soft data' to collect the opinions of parents.
- Using questionnaires and other tools to capture the voice of the pupil regarding their special needs provision.

6.4 SEND annual report to Local Governing Bodies and Directors

Every year the SENCO will produce a report for the LGB and Trust Directors on the effective implementation of the SEND policy. The report will cover the main sections from the policy and reflect the work done during each academic year.

7. Funding arrangements

7.1 Notional SEND funding

All schools in the Trust receive SEND block funding which is an amount of money calculated by the Department for Education.

The school leadership team, in conjunction with the Trust SLT, are responsible for the delegation of this budget to ensure the needs of the pupils with SEND are being met. This funding may be used in a variety of ways including staffing, resources and equipment.

The effectiveness of the school's strategy for SEND will be monitored by the Trust SENCO.

7.2 Higher needs block funding

In addition to the notional SEND funding, the school receives top-up funding to enable the school to meet the needs of the pupils with EHCPs. This money is made up of the funding a pupil receives for their EHCP and additional funding provided to the school, if they have a high level of EHCPs within their setting.

This money is used to ensure the needs of the pupil are being met by providing the provision laid out in the EHCP.

The Trust SENCO/ SENCO are responsible for ensuring this money is being used effectively to meet the needs of the pupil.

7.3 Additional Funding

The schools within the trust can access a variety of other funding sources, as required. These include: Medical Funding, Early Years Inclusion Funding, Inclusion Funding and Virtual schools funding (for Looked After Pupils).

8. Complaints

8. Complaints about SEN provision

Complaints about SEN provision in our Trust should be made to the relevant head of academy in the first instance. They will then be referred to the school's complaints policy.

The parents of pupils with disabilities have the right to make disability discrimination claims to the first-tier SEND tribunal if they believe that our school has discriminated against their pupils. They can make a claim about alleged discrimination regarding:

- Exclusions
- Provision of education and associated services
- Making reasonable adjustments, including the provision of auxiliary aids and services

9. SEND Advice and Support for Parents/ Carers

9. Contact details of support services for parents of pupils with SEN

Should a parent feel they need support in relation to their pupil's special educational need and/ or disability, then the following bodies are able to do this.

- **LIASE- 0800 195 1635 or email liaise@lincolnshire.gov.uk**
- <http://www.supportiveparents.org.uk/>
- <https://www.sense.org.uk/get-support/information-and-advice/support-for-pupils/send/>
- <https://www.ipsea.org.uk/>

10. Monitoring arrangements

This policy and information report will be reviewed annually by Maxine Cunningham (Trust SENCO) every year. It will also be updated if any changes to the information or procedures are made during the year. It will be approved by the Board or directors and shared with individual Local Governing Bodies

11. Links with other policies and documents

This policy links to our policies on:

- Accessibility plan
- Behaviour
- Equality information and objectives
- Supporting pupils with medical conditions
- Intimate Care Policy
- Moving and Handling Policy
- Curriculum Policies

12. Contact details for the SEND team:

Maxine.cunningham@bwaf.net (Trust SENCO)

SEN@bwaf.net (Primary contact)

Haven.senco@bwaf.net (Haven High contact)

Appendices

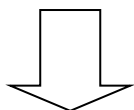
1. Flow chart for SEND process

2. Identification chart

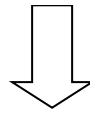
3. SEND referral form

SEND Process Flowchart

Pupil's attainment is at least 18 months to 2 years behind ARE or
Pupil's progress fails to match or better previous rate of progress



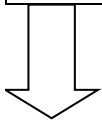
Set 2 or 3 individual targets and share concerns with parents
Set the provision which will be implemented to help them meet these targets



6 weeks later- Review the pupil's progress against the targets.

If pupil has made significant progress/ achieved the targets then they probably do not have a special educational need

If the progress is minimal/ non existent then repeat process of target setting for another **6 weeks/ term**

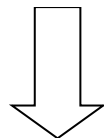


6 weeks later- Review progress, as above.

If progress is still minimal or nothing then complete referral form for SEND and gain parental consent

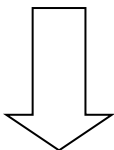
Create Learning Plan on Provision Map with targets which focus on the primary area of need

Implement specific targeted intervention which focusses on the pupil's area of need



After 3 cycles of review and intervention

- Consider referral for Specialist Teacher Assessment
- Consider further investigation of SALT
- Consider referral to paediatrician
- Consider referral to Working Together Team (Autism Support)



After 2 further cycles of review.

- Consider EHCNA request
- Consider further support from SENCO

Identification Chart

	<u>Communication and Interaction</u>	<u>Cognition and Learning</u>	<u>Social, Emotional and Mental Health</u>	<u>Physical and/or sensory</u>
Wave 1 Descriptors	<p>Pupil displays some immature speech patterns in reception</p> <p>Some minor pronunciation difficulties</p> <p>Interaction skills appropriate for developmental milestones</p> <p>Understanding of language appropriate</p> <p>Eye contact and other social communication skills in line with development</p> <p>Difficulties with listening and attention that affect task engagement and independence</p> <p>Comments and questions indicate difficulties in understanding the main points.</p> <p>Vocabulary is not as developed as expected for the age of the pupil.</p> <p>Mild social interaction difficulties</p>	<p>Attainment is in line with ARE</p> <p>Attainment is in line with baseline assessments</p> <p>Progress is on target</p> <p>Concentration is good</p>	<p>Normal emotional responses to everyday situations</p> <p>Social in group and individual situations</p> <p>Social and emotional development in line with developmental expectations</p>	<p>Handwriting good to acceptable</p> <p>Normal walking stance</p> <p>Adequate skills demonstrated to participate fully in all physical education activities</p> <p>Eyesight good or corrected with glasses</p> <p>Hearing good or minor difficulties – sometimes supported by a hearing aid</p> <p>Mild issues with self-help skills</p> <p>May have some minimal toileting issues</p> <p>May have an Individual Healthcare Plan</p>

<p><u>Quality First Teaching</u></p>	<p>Check acoustics and position in the classroom</p> <p>Positive peer speech and language models</p> <p>Teachers and additional adults modify spoken language requests and instructions to meet the needs of all learners</p>	<p>Quality differentiation</p> <p>Simplify level/ pace of task</p> <p>Opportunities for skill reinforcement</p> <p>Formal teaching of vocabulary/ concepts</p>	<p>Whole school approach to PSHE</p> <p>School ethos which focusses on the promotion of good mental health</p> <p>Positive focus on attendance</p> <p>Positive behaviour policy</p>	<p>Annual review of the IHP with parents</p> <p>Access to medication- inhalers etc</p> <p>Risk assessments may be needed for school trips</p> <p>Ask parents for review by optician</p>
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	<p>Provide encouragement and support to collaborate with peers during curriculum activities</p> <p>Instructions supported by visual and written cues</p> <p>Reduction of the quantity of instructions to support attention</p> <p>Flexibility in expectations</p> <p>Planning show opportunities for language-based activities</p>	<p>Flexible groupings supported by CT/ TA</p> <p>Multisensory approached to tasks</p> <p>Problem solving</p> <p>Links made between new and prior learning with support from review and over learning techniques</p>	<p>Classroom and playground environments which focus on positive relationships and the development of social skills</p> <p>Planned opportunities for pupils to learn social and emotional skills and build emotional resilience</p> <p>Recognition that everyone may experience some short-term difficulties managing their emotions and behaviour</p> <p>Effective systems in place which have both a positive and negative consequence to behaviour choices</p> <p>Quiet areas for pupils to be able to calm/ refocus</p> <p>Good liaison in place so that parents are informed of their pupil's behaviour choices</p> <p>Appropriate differentiation</p> <p>Structures systems in place to support internal; transitions between classes/ around the school</p> <p>Systems in place which enable pupils to easily communicate difficulties and worries</p>	<p>Attention to positioning in the classroom</p> <p>May be input from healthcare professionals</p> <p>Follow handwriting scheme with minimal modifications</p> <p>Differentiation in PE</p> <p>Staff training for medical conditions- including whole school awareness training for anaphylaxis, asthma, epilepsy and diabetes</p> <p>Differentiated writing materials and equipment- adapted pencils, scissors, writing slope</p>
Wave 2	<p>Pupil may continue to have speech difficulties despite QFT strategies being employed</p> <p>More significant pronunciation difficulties</p>	<p>Attainment is up to 18 months behind ARE</p> <p>Rates of progress have slowed</p> <p>Not on target to meet expected standard</p>	<p>Some emotional responses are more frequent or higher than expected for developmental stage</p> <p>Some difficulties with friendships and relationships repeated over time</p>	<p>Handwriting is moderate and causes issues will legibility</p> <p>Mild to moderate issues with hand/eye coordination</p> <p>Mild/moderate fine/gross motor skills difficulties</p>

	<p>Phonological awareness difficulties which impact on progress in reading and spelling</p> <p>Mild receptive language difficulties</p> <p>Mild expressive language difficulties</p> <p>Some mild social communication difficulties, which are not impacting significantly on educational outcomes</p> <p>Difficulties in the understanding of language of learning (conceptual language, size, time, shape and position)</p> <p>May rely more heavily than expected on NVC</p> <p>More pronounced difficulties with making and maintaining friendships</p>	<p>Some concentration and attention difficulties</p> <p>Some difficulties with concept development</p> <p>Difficulty with the pace of curriculum</p> <p>Difficulty with the acquisition/ use of language, literacy and/ or numeracy skill</p>	<p>Social and emotional development is behind developmental expectations</p> <p>Some issues with school refusal</p>	<p>Continuing issues with toileting- beyond reception year</p> <p>Continuing issues with self-help skills</p> <p>May require some adult supervision to manage a medical condition in school- diabetes/ asthma etc</p> <p>Some vision difficulties identified</p> <p>Some hearing difficulties identified</p>
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<p><u>Strategies</u></p>	<p>WELLCOMM Assessment (EAL learners)</p> <p>Communication Trust Assessment</p> <p>Modifying teacher talk and scaffolding and modelling responses</p> <p>Chatterbox</p> <p>Colourful semantics</p> <p>Talk across the Curriculum</p>	<p>Wave 2 interventions- catch up</p> <p>Enhanced differentiation</p> <p>Modify level/pace/amount of teacher talk to pupils' identified need</p> <p>Pre teach concepts and vocabulary</p> <p>Emphasis on generalization of skills</p> <p>Individual targets within group programmes</p>	<p>Plans for groups of individual pupils to enable them to manage difficult parts of the school day</p> <p>Parents encouraged to support targets at home</p> <p>Individual targets for pupils</p> <p>Individual rewards systems</p> <p>Home school communication-daily</p> <p>Individual Behaviour Plan</p> <p>Behaviour Risk assessment</p>	<p>Dough Gym intervention</p> <p>Annual support for pupil specific medical conditions- diabetes, medication administration</p> <p>Care Plan written by healthcare specialist</p> <p>Alternative ways of recording</p> <p>Provide supervision for hygiene needs</p> <p>Further modification to school handwriting scheme</p> <p>Practice dressing and undressing</p>
				<p>First Move/ Motor skills united interventions in small groups</p>

<p>Wave 3</p>	<p>Persistent delay against age related norms</p> <p>Significant difficulties with pronunciation</p> <p>Intelligible speech/ disordered speech</p> <p>Jumbled word order in sentences</p> <p>Understanding of language is limited</p> <p>Unable to express needs clearly</p> <p>Stutters</p> <p>Difficulties in conveying meaning, feelings and needs due to speech intelligibility</p> <p>Speech sound difficulties impact on literacy development</p> <p>Difficulties in word storage and retrieval that affect fluency</p> <p>Difficulties in formulating sentences</p> <p>Difficulties following instructions, answering questions, processing verbal information, following everyday conversations.</p> <p>Not able to focus attention for sustained periods. May appear passive or distracted.</p>	<p>Attainment is at least 18months + behind ARE</p> <p>Progress has stopped or is very minimal in relation to baseline</p> <p>Concentration and attention difficulties are persistent and regularly impact learning time</p> <p>Mild but persistent difficulties in the acquisition/ use of language/literacy/numeracy skills</p> <p>Processing difficulties limit independence and may need adult support in some areas</p>	<p>Emotional responses are continuing or worsening in everyday situations</p> <p>Some aggressive behaviour has been observed</p> <p>Frequent swearing or offensive language used</p> <p>Disruptive behaviour seen in a regular pattern Threats of self-harm</p> <p>Depressive state</p> <p>Targeted intervention to address the issues a pupil has taken place- for at least 1 short term.</p>	<p>Moderate or persistent gross and/ or fine motor skill difficulties</p> <p>Recording and mobility impacting on access to the curriculum and/ or the environment</p> <p>May need specialist input to comply with health and safety legislation</p> <p>Increased dependence on mobility aids</p> <p>Increased use of alternative methods for extended recording</p>
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	<p>Difficulties sequencing, predicting and inference within both social and academic contexts</p> <p>Difficulties using and understanding non-verbal communication</p> <p>Poor understanding of abstract language and verbal reasoning skills</p> <p>Needs reassurance and forewarning of changes to routine of when encountering new situations/ experiences</p>			
<u>Strategies</u>	<p>Careful attention paid to position in the classroom- not necessarily at the front</p> <p>Referral to SALT</p> <p>Positive speech and language models</p> <p>Regular focused intervention 1:1</p> <p>Individualized SMART targets</p> <p>Tasks and presentation personalised to meet pupil needs</p> <p>First Call</p> <p>Elklan Support</p> <p>Social communication intervention programmes- social stories, comic strip conversations 1:1 or small groups</p> <p>Socially speaking Intervention</p>	<p>Quality First Teaching-tasks and presentation modified for an inclusive curriculum</p> <p>Intensive planned interventions- 1:1 or very small groups</p> <p>Carefully differentiated learning opportunities</p> <p>Individualized SMART targets reviewed every small term</p> <p>Frequent opportunities for small group work</p>	<p>Boxall Profile complete</p> <p>PSP</p> <p>Communication Trust Assessment Completed</p> <p>Specialist Teacher Assessment</p> <p>Referral to BOSS</p> <p>Advice from PRT</p> <p>Learning Plan with a focus on SEMH targets</p> <p>CAMHS referral</p> <p>Healthy Minds referral</p> <p>Daily targeted intervention to address the pupil's specific difficulties</p>	<p>Extended healthcare support in place- physiotherapy, occupational therapy,</p> <p>Referral to SEST</p> <p>Manual handling training provided to staff</p> <p>Modified curriculum/ planning for PE</p> <p>Adaptations to the learning environment</p> <p>Individual interventions to practice skills/ programme</p> <p>Buddy systems</p> <p>Specialist equipment in place to support needs</p>

				<p>Adaptations to school site may be necessary</p> <p>Access to hygiene/ medical room may be necessary</p>
EHCP	<p>Primary Area of Need</p> <p>May use AAC</p> <p>Some or all aspects of language acquisition are significantly below ARE</p> <p>Significant speech sound difficulties</p> <p>Diagnosis of language impairment/ Disorder or speech Impairment/ Disorder</p>	<p>Moderate/significant difficulties in the acquisition/ use of language/ literacy/numeracy skills</p> <p>Needs persist and appear resistant to previous interventions</p> <p>Attainment is at least 3/4 years behind ARE despite differentiated learning opportunities and concentrated support with wave 2/3 interventions</p> <p>Moderate difficulties with independent working and needs the support of an adult and a modified curriculum</p> <p>Cognitive assessments by a specialist teacher likely to indicate significantly below average range of cognitive ability (SS<72 at the 3rd percentile or below)</p>	<p>Difficulties identified at previous stage continue/ worsen and there has been no significant change in the target behaviour/ social skill despite QFT and targeted interventions for at least 2 terms.</p>	<p>Significant physical/ medical difficulties with or without associated learning difficulties</p> <p>Physical/ medical condition will have a significant impact on the pupil's ability to access the curriculum</p> <p>Significant and persistent difficulties in mobility around the building and in the classroom</p> <p>Significant personal care needs which require adult support</p> <p>Significant visual impairment</p> <p>Significant hearing impairment</p>

<p>Strategies</p>	<p>SALT programme carries out 1:1 daily</p> <p>Pupil's academic potential must not be underestimated</p> <p>Significant adult support to ensure access to the full curriculum</p> <p>Significant personalised differentiation to ensure curriculum access</p>	<p>Quality first teaching provided by the subject/ class teacher in the classroom as much as possible</p> <p>Mainstream class, working on a modified inclusive curriculum</p> <p>Frequent opportunities for small group work based on identified need</p>	<p>Individual support provided for at least 10 hours per week</p> <p>Intervention Placement in the PRU</p> <p>Regular 1:1 support to ensure a modified curriculum</p> <p>Individual intervention programme targeted at meeting the pupil's specific SEMH need</p>	<p>Manual handling assessment</p> <p>Personal care assessment</p> <p>Intimate Care Plan agreed</p> <p>Modified curriculum in some/ all areas</p> <p>Alternative ways of recording to minimize handwriting</p>
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	<p>Individualised SMART targets</p> <p>Pastoral Support programme to address social difficulties</p> <p>Social communication intervention programme 1:1 or small groups</p> <p>Use of AAC if appropriate</p>	<p>Additional adult support, under the direction of the teacher,</p> <p>Specialist targeted interventions on a 1:1 basis</p> <p>Visual clues to support auditory information</p> <p>Withdrawal from classroom environment to complete tasks planned for by the teacher</p> <p>Emphasis on basic acquisition of literacy, numeracy, ICT and life skills (KS3/4)</p>	<p>Daily access to member of staff with SEMH experience</p> <p>Targeted times of the school day supported by adult</p> <p>Therapeutic interventions- art therapy, play therapy, counselling, CBT, emotional; regulation work</p> <p>Daily target monitoring</p> <p>1:1 pre teaching of new concepts</p> <p>Involvement of wider services</p>	<p>Daily specialist programmes in place 1:1</p> <p>Enhanced adult support to enable access to the curriculum and QFT</p> <p>Specialist medical training may be required for specific medical procedures</p> <p>Accessibility to the whole site may need to be considered and adapted where necessary.</p>
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Name of School:

Date of request:

Pupil's Name:

Pupil's Date of Birth:

Referred by:

Class/ Form & Year Group:

Pupil's First Language & Nationality:

Reasons for request for placement on SEN register/concerns:

Strengths/What is done well:

Current levels/EYFS stages:

Interventions/systems already in place/What works well:

I agree for my pupil to be placed on the school's SEN register if required.

Parent/Guardian

I agree for the SEN team to share my pupil's information with supporting agencies and/ or their next school.

Parent/ Guardian